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CLAIM AMENDMENTS

1. (Currently amended) A short arc high-pressure discharge lamp (1, 28) for direct current operation, having a discharge vessel (2, 29) which includes two diametrically opposite necks (4; 30, 31), into which an anode (26, 36) and a cathode (7, 33), in each case made from tungsten, are fused in a gastight manner and which contains a fill comprising at least one noble gas and optionally mercury, characterized in that at least the material of the cathode tip (11, 34a), in addition to the tungsten, contains consists of tungsten, lanthanum oxide La₂O₃ and at least one further oxide selected from the group consisting of hafnium oxide HfO₂ and zirconium oxide ZrO₂.

- 2. (Currently amended) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the cathode material of the entire cathode (7, 34) eontains consists of tungsten and La₂O₃ and at least one further oxide selected from the group consisting of HfO₂ and ZrO₂.
- 3. (Previously presented) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the La₂O₃ content of the cathode material is from 1.0 to 3.5% by weight.
- 4. (Previously presented) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the La₂O₃ content of the cathode material is from 1.5 to 3.0% by weight.
- 5. (Previously presented) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the additional molar quantity of zirconium oxide ZrO₂ and hafnium oxide HfO₂ does not exceed that of the La₂O₃ in the cathode material.

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6. (Previously presented) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the additional molar quantity of zirconium oxide ZrO₂ and hafnium oxide HfO₂ amounts to at least 2% of the molar quantity of the La₂O₃.

- 7. (Original) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1, characterized in the electrode spacing between anode (26) and cathode (7) in the discharge vessel (2) is less than or equal to 8 mm.
- 8. (Original) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the electrode spacing between anode (36) and cathode (33) in the discharge vessel (29) is less than or equal to 15 mm.
- 9. (Original) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the lamp current when the lamp (1, 28) is operating is greater than 20 A.
- 10. (Currently amended) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the form of the cathode (7) is such that when the lamp is operating the current density J, i.e. the quotient of lamp current in A and effective cathode surface area in mm² for an area which results from a section through the cathode perpendicular to the lamp axis at a distance of 0.5 mm from the tip of the cathode, satisfies the following equation:
 5 ≤ J ≥ 150 5 ≤ J ≤ 150 in the case of a mercury/noble gas fill.
- 11. (Previously presented) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that the La₂O₃ content of the cathode material is from 1.0 to 3.5% by weight.

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12. (Previously presented) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that the La₂O₃ content of the cathode material is from 1.5 to 3.0% by weight.

- 13. (Previously presented) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that the additional molar quantity of zirconium oxide ZrO₂ and hafnium oxide HfO₂ does not exceed that of the La₂O₃ in the cathode material.
- 14. (Previously presented) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 2, characterized in that the additional molar quantity of zirconium oxide ZrO₂ and hafnium oxide HfO₂ amounts to at least 2% of the molar quantity of the La₂O₃.
- 15. (New) The short arc high-pressure discharge lamp as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that the form of the cathode (7) is such that when the lamp is operating the current density J, i.e. the quotient of lamp current in A and effective cathode surface area in mm² for an area which results from a section through the cathode perpendicular to the lamp axis at a distance of 0.5 mm from the tip of the cathode, satisfies the following equation:
 25 ≤ J ≥ 200 25 ≤ J ≤ 200 in the case of a pure noble gas fill.

CLAIM STATUS:

Claims 1 - 2: (Currently amended)

Claims 3 - 6: (Previously presented)

Claims 7 - 9: (Original)

Claim 10: (Currently amended)

Claims 11 - 14: (Previously presented)

Claim 15: (New)